### **BY-LAWS**

### of

# NEW MEXICO FIREARMS INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION A New Mexico Nonprofit Corporation

#### ARTICLE I. OFFICES

**SECTION 1. Principal Office.** The principal office of the Corporation in the State of New Mexico shall be located in the City of Albuquerque, County of Bernalillo. The Corporation may have such other offices, either within or without the State of New Mexico, as the Board of Directors may designate or as the business of the Corporation may require from time to time. Electronic mail (email) shall be the official mode of correspondence.

**SECTION 2. Registered Office.** The Corporation shall continuously maintain in the State of New Mexico a registered office that may be the same as its principal office, and a registered agent as required by the New Mexico Nonprofit Corporation Act. The address of the registered office may be changed from time to time by the Board of Directors.

### ARTICLE II. MEMBERS

SECTION I. Election of Members. The Corporation may admit any individual or legal entity as a Member. An affirmative vote of a majority of the Directors shall be required for admission. Other requirements for admission may be set forth in a resolution adopted by the Directors. No person shall be admitted as a Member without his or her consent. Except as provided in the Articles of Incorporation or By-Laws, the Corporation may admit Members for no consideration or for such consideration as is determined by the Board of Directors.

SECTION 2. Rights and Obligations of Members. Unless the Articles of Incorporation or By-Laws provide otherwise, each Member is entitled to one vote on each matter voted on by the Members. All Members shall have the same rights and obligations with respect to voting, dissolution, redemption and transfer, unless the Articles of Incorporation or these By-Laws establish classes of Membership with different rights or obligations. All Members shall have the same rights and obligations with respect to any other matters, except as set forth and authorized by the Articles of Incorporation or these By-Laws.

**SECTION 3. Transfer of Membership.** Except as set forth or authorized by the Articles of Incorporation or these By-Laws, no Member of the Corporation may transfer a Membership or any right arising therefrom. Where transfer rights have been provided, no restriction on them shall be binding with respect to a Member holding a Membership issued prior to the adoption of the restriction unless the restriction is approved by the Members and the affected Member.

SECTION 4. Dues, Assessments or Fees. A Member may become liable to the Corporation for dues, assessments or fees; provided, however, that an Article or By-Law provision or a resolution adopted by the Board authorizing or imposing dues, assessments or fees does not, of itself, create liability. All members acknowledge that all or part of their dues may be used for political campaign and lobbying purposes as provided by 501(c)(6) of the IRC as amended.

**SECTION 5. Resignation of Member.** A Member may resign at any time by filing a written resignation with any corporate officer. The resignation of a Member does not relieve the Member from any obligations the Member may have to the Corporation.

Membership or Memberships may be terminated or suspended except pursuant to the procedure provided herein carried out in good faith. The affected Member must receive not less than 15 days' prior written notice of the expulsion, suspension or termination and the reasons therefore and an opportunity to be heard, orally or in writing, not less than five days before the effective date of the expulsion, suspension or termination by the Board or a person or persons authorized by the Board to decide that the proposed expulsion, termination or suspension not take place. Any written notice given by mail must be given by first-class or certified mail sent to the last address of the Member shown on the Corporation's records. Any proceeding challenging an expulsion, suspension or termination, including a proceeding in which defective notice is alleged, must be commenced within one year after the effective date of the expulsion, suspension or termination. A Member who has been expelled or suspended may be liable to the Corporation for dues, assessments, or fees.

## ARTICLE III. MEETINGS OF MEMBERS

**SECTION 1. Annual Meeting.** The annual meeting of the Members shall be held on the first Tuesday in the month of May, in each year, beginning with the year 2023, at the hour of 5:30 p.m., or such other time and date as may be determined by the Directors, for the purpose of electing Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting. At the annual meeting, the President and chief financial officer shall report on the activities and financial condition of the Corporation and the Members shall consider and act upon such other matters as may be raised consistent with these By-Laws. If the day fixed for the annual meeting shall be a legal holiday in the State of New Mexico, such meeting shall be held on the next succeeding business day.

If the election of Directors shall not be held on the day designated herein for any annual meeting of the Members, or at any adjournment thereof, the Board of Directors shall cause the election to be held at a special meeting of the Members as soon thereafter as conveniently may be. The failure to hold an annual meeting at the time stated in or fixed in accordance with the Corporation's By-Laws does not affect the validity of any corporate action.

**SECTION 2. Special Meetings.** Special meetings of Members may be called by the President, the Board of Directors, or not less than 35 percent of such Members as may be qualified to vote.

**SECTION 3. Place of Meeting.** The Board of Directors may designate any place, either within or without the State of New Mexico, as the place of meeting for any annual or special meeting of the Members. If no designation is made, the place of meeting shall be at Calibers, 4340 Cutler Avenue. Northeast, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87110. However, if all Members shall meet at any time and place, either within or without the State of New Mexico, and consent to the holding of a meeting, such meeting shall be valid without call or notice, and at such meeting any corporate action may be taken.

section 4. Notice of Meetings. Written or printed notice stating the place, day, and hour of any meeting of Members shall be delivered personally, electronically, or by mail to each Member entitled to vote at such meeting, not less than five (5) nor more than thirty (30) days before the date of such meeting, by or at the direction of the President, Secretary, or such officers or persons as are calling the meeting. In the case of special meetings, or when required by these By-Laws or by law, the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called shall be stated in the notice. If sent by mail, a notice of meeting shall be deemed delivered when deposited in the United States mail, postage prepaid, addressed to the Member at the Member's address as it appears on the records of the Corporation at the time of mailing.

By-Laws
Page 2 of 12

**SECTION 5. Informal Action by Members.** Any action required or permitted to be taken at any meeting of Members may be taken without such meeting if a consent in writing, setting forth the action to be taken, shall be signed by all Members entitled to vote with respect to such action. Such a consent has the effect of a meeting vote and may be described as such in any document.

**SECTION 6. Quorum.** Members holding ten (10) percent of the total votes which may be cast at any meeting shall constitute a quorum at such meeting. If a quorum is not present at any meeting of Members, a majority of those present may adjourn the meeting from time to time without further notice.

**SECTION 7. Proxies.** At any meeting of Members, a Member entitled to vote may vote by proxy executed in writing by the Member or by the Member's duly authorized attorney-in-fact. No proxy shall be valid after six (6) months from its date of execution unless otherwise provided in the proxy.

**SECTION 8. Voting by Email.** Where officers are to be elected by Members, such election may be conducted by email in such manner as the Board of Directors shall determine. The Corporation is entitled to reject a vote, consent, waiver or proxy appointment if the Secretary or other officer or agent authorized to tabulate votes, acting in good faith, has reasonable basis for doubt about the validity of the signature on it or about the signatory's authority to sign for the Member.

**SECTION 9. Voting Rights.** Each Member shall be entitled to one vote. If an organization is a Member, the organization shall designate one person who shall have the right to exercise the organization's voting rights.

SECTION 10. Closing of Transfer Books or Fixing of Record Date. The Board of Directors of the Corporation may fix a date as the record date for determining the Members entitled to notice of a Members' meeting, to vote at a Members' meeting, or to exercise any rights in respect of any other lawful action. A record date may not be more than 70 days before the meeting or action requiring a determination of Members occurs. If no such record date is fixed, Members at the close of business on the business day preceding the day on which the meeting is held are entitled to notice of the meeting; and Members at the close of business on the day on which the Board adopts the resolution to the exercise of any rights in respect of any other lawful action, or the 60<sup>th</sup> day prior to the date of such other action, whichever is later, are entitled to exercise such rights. A determination of Members entitled to notice of or to vote at a Membership meeting is effective for any adjournment of the meeting unless the Board of Directors fixes a new date for determining the right to notice or the right to vote, which it must do if the meeting is adjourned to a date more than 70 days after the record date for determining Members entitled to notice of the original meeting.

**SECTION 11. Voting Lists.** After fixing a record date for a notice of a meeting, the Corporation shall prepare an alphabetical list of the names of all its Members who are entitled to notice of the meeting. The list must show the address and number of votes each Member is entitled to vote at the meeting.

The list of Members must be available for inspection by any Member for the purpose of communication with other Members concerning the meeting, beginning two business days after notice is given of the meeting for which the list was prepared and continuing through the meeting, at the Corporation's principal office or at a reasonable place identified in the meeting notice in the city where the meeting will be held. A Member, a Member's agent, or his attorney is entitled, on written demand, to inspect and, subject to the requirements of applicable law, to copy the list at a reasonable time and at the Member's expense, during the period it is available for inspection. The Corporation shall make the list of Members available at the meeting, and any Member, a Member's agent, or his attorney is entitled to inspect the list at any time during the meeting or any adjournment.

## ARTICLE IV. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

**SECTION 1. General Powers.** Except as provided by applicable law or in the Articles of Incorporation, all corporate powers shall be exercised by or under the authority of, and the affairs of the Corporation managed under the direction of, its Board of Directors.

SECTION 2. Number, Election, Tenure and Qualifications. The number of Directors of the Corporation shall be not less than three (3) nor more than nine (9). All the Directors (except the initial Directors) shall be elected at the first annual meeting of Members, and at each annual meeting thereafter, unless the Articles of Incorporation or By-Laws provide some other time or method of election or provide that some of the Directors are appointed by some other person or designated. The terms of the initial and following Directors of the Corporation continue at the first annual Members' meeting at which Directors are elected. In the absence of any term specified in the Articles, the term of each Director shall be one, two, or three years. A decrease in the number of Directors or terms of offices does not shorten an incumbent Director's term. Except as otherwise provided in the Articles of Incorporation or these By-Laws, the term of a Director filling a vacancy in the office of a Director elected by the Members expires at the next election of Directors by Members, and the term of a Director filling any other vacancy expires at the end of the unexpired term which such Director is filling. Despite the expiration of a Director's term, the Director continues to serve until the Director's successor is elected, designated or appointed and qualifies, or until there is a decrease in the number of Directors. A Director must be an individual.

**SECTION 3. Resignation of Directors; Removal of Directors by Members.** A Director may resign at any time by delivering written notice to the Board of Directors, its presiding officer or to the President or Secretary. A resignation is effective when the notice is delivered unless the notice specifies a later effective date. If a resignation is made effective at a later date, the Board of Directors may fill the pending vacancy before the effective date if the Board of Directors provides that the successor does not take office until the effective date.

The Members may remove one or more Directors elected by them without cause. A Director may be removed as provided above only if the number of votes cast to remove the Director would be sufficient to elect the Director at a meeting to elect Directors. A Director elected by Members may be removed by the Members only at a meeting called for the purpose of removing the Director, and the meeting notice must state that the purpose, or one of the purposes, of the meeting is removal of the Director. An entire Board of Directors may be removed under this Section.

Any Director may be removed, with or without cause, by the vote of 66.6 percent of the Members of the Board of Directors at a special meeting called for that purpose. At any such meeting, any vacancy caused by the removal may be filled as stated herein.

**SECTION 4. Regular Meeting.** Unless the Articles of Incorporation or these By-Laws provide otherwise, a regular meeting of the Board of Directors shall be held without other notice than this By-Law immediately after, and at the same place as, the annual meeting of Members.

**SECTION 5. Special Meetings.** Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be called by or at the request of the President or any two Directors. Unless the Articles of Incorporation or these By-Laws provide for a longer or shorter period, special meetings of the Board of Directors must be preceded by at least two days' notice of the date, time and place of the meeting. If no place for the meeting has been designated in the notice, the meeting shall be held at the principal office of the Corporation. The notice

By-Laws

need not describe the purpose of the special meeting unless required by the Articles of Incorporation or these By-Laws.

**SECTION 6.** Place of Meetings. The Board of Directors may hold regular or special meetings in or out of this state.

**SECTION 7. Quorum.** Except as otherwise provided by applicable law, the Articles of Incorporation or these By-Laws, a quorum of the Board of Directors consists of a majority of the Directors in office immediately before the meeting begins. If less than such number necessary for a quorum is present at a meeting, a majority of the Directors present may adjourn the meeting from time to time without further notice.

**SECTION 8. Manner of Acting.** If a quorum is present when a vote is taken, the affirmative vote of a majority of Directors present is the act of the Board of Directors unless applicable law, the Articles of Incorporation or these By-Laws require the vote of a greater number of Directors.

**SECTION 9. Action Without a Meeting.** Unless the Articles of Incorporation or these By-Laws provide otherwise, action required or permitted to be taken at a Board of Directors' meeting may be taken without a meeting if the action is taken by all Members of the Board. The action must be evidenced by one or more written consents describing the action taken, signed by each Director, and included in the minutes or filed with the corporate records reflecting the action taken. Action taken under this section is effective when the last Director signs the consent, unless the consent specifies a different effective date. Such a consent has the effect of a meeting vote and may be described as such in any document.

**SECTION 10.** Vacancies. Unless the Articles of Incorporation or these By-Laws provide otherwise, and except as provided below, if a vacancy occurs on the Board of Directors, including a vacancy resulting from an increase in the number of Directors, (i) the Members, if any, may fill the vacancy, (ii) the Board of Directors may fill the vacancy, or (iii) if the Directors remaining in office constitute fewer than a quorum of the Board, they may fill the vacancy by the affirmative vote of a majority of all the Directors remaining in office. Unless the Articles of Incorporation or these By-Laws provide otherwise, if the vacant office was held by an appointed Director, only the person who appointed the Director may fill the vacancy. A vacancy that will occur at a specific later date (by reason of a resignation effective at a later date or otherwise) may be filled before the vacancy occurs, but the new Director may not take office until the vacancy occurs.

**SECTION 11.** Compensation. Unless the Articles of Incorporation or these By-Laws provide otherwise, the Board of Directors may fix the compensation of Directors. By resolution of the Board of Directors, each Director may be paid his expenses, if any, of attendance at each meeting of the Board of Directors, and may be paid a stated salary as a Director or a fixed sum for attendance at each meeting of the Board of Directors or both. No such payment shall preclude any Director from serving the Corporation in any other capacity and receiving compensation therefore.

SECTION 12. Participation by Telephonic, Zoom or Other Means. Unless the Articles of Incorporation or these By-Laws provide otherwise, the Board of Directors may permit any or all Directors to participate in a regular or special meeting by, or conduct the meeting through the use of, any means of communication by which all Directors participating may simultaneously hear each other during the meeting. A Director participating in a meeting by this means is deemed to be present in person at the meeting.

#### ARTICLE V. OFFICERS

- **SECTION 1. Number.** The officers of the Corporation shall be a President, a Vice President, a Secretary and a Treasurer, each of whom shall be elected by the Board of Directors. Such other officers, assistant officers and agents as may be deemed necessary may be elected or appointed by the Board of Directors. Any two or more offices may be held by the same person.
- Board of Directors shall be elected annually by the Board of Directors at the regular meeting of the Board of Directors. If the election of officers shall not be held at such meeting, such election shall be held as soon thereafter as conveniently may be. Each officer shall continue to serve until his successor is elected and qualifies or until his death or until he shall resign or shall have been removed in the manner hereinafter provided.
- **SECTION 3. President.** The President shall be the chief executive officer of the Corporation, and shall exercise general supervision and control over all activities of the Corporation. The President:
  - A. Shall preside at all meetings of Members and of Directors;
  - **B.** May sign, with the Secretary or other officer duly authorized by the Board of Directors, any deeds, mortgages, bonds, contracts, or other instruments the execution of which has been authorized by the Board of Directors, except in cases where the signing and execution or such instruments has been expressly delegated by the Board of Directors by these By-Laws, or to some other officer or agent of the Corporation by law; and
  - C. Shall perform all other duties generally incident to the office of President and such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors.
- **SECTION 4. Vice President.** In the absence of the President or in the event of the President's inability or refusal to act, the Vice President shall perform the duties of the President, and when so acting, shall have all the powers of, and be subject to all the restrictions upon, the President. Any Vice President shall perform such additional duties as may from time to time be assigned to him by the President or by the Board of Directors.
- SECTION 5. Treasurer. If so required by the Board of Directors, the Treasurer shall:
  - A. Give a bond for the faithful discharge of the Treasurer's duties in such sum and with such surety or sureties as the Board of Directors may deem appropriate;
  - **B.** Have charge and custody of, and be responsible for, all funds and securities of the Corporation;
  - C. Receive and give receipts for moneys due and payable to the Corporation from any source and deposit all such moneys in the name of the Corporation in such banks, trust companies, or other depositories as shall be selected by the Board of Directors; and
  - **D.** Perform all duties generally incidental to the office of Treasurer and such other duties as may from time to time be assigned to the Treasurer by the President or by the Board of Directors.
  - Exhibit to any Director of the Corporation, or to a Director's agent, or to any person or agency authorized by law to inspect them, at all reasonable times and on demand, these By-Laws, the Articles of Incorporation, the Membership book, the minutes of any meeting, and the other records of the Corporation.

By-Laws

## SECTION 6. Secretary. The Secretary shall:

- **A.** Keep the minutes of meetings of Members and of the Board of Directors, in one or more books provided for that purpose;
- **B.** See that all notices are duly given in accordance with these By-Laws or as required by law;
- C. Be custodian of the corporate records of the Corporation;
- **D.** Keep a Membership book containing the names and addresses of all Members and Directors of the Corporation, and with respect to any Membership that has been terminated, record that fact together with the date of termination; and
- **E.** Exhibit to any Director of the Corporation, or to a Director's agent, or to any person or agency authorized by law to inspect them, at all reasonable times and on demand, these By-Laws, the Articles of Incorporation, the Membership book, the minutes of any meeting, and the other records of the Corporation.

# SECTION 7. Resignation or Removal of Officers and Agents.

- **A.** An officer may resign at any time by delivering notice to the Corporation. A resignation is effective when the notice is delivered unless the notice specifies a later effective date.
- **B.** The Board of Directors may remove any officer at any time with or without cause. An officer's removal does not affect the officer's contract rights, if any, with the Corporation. An officer's resignation does not affect the Corporation's contract rights, if any, with the officer. The appointment of an officer does not of itself create contract rights between the officer and the Corporation.
- C. Vacancies. A vacancy in any office because of death, resignation, removal, disqualification, or otherwise, may be filled by the Board of Directors for the unexpired portion of the term. If a resignation is made effective at a later date and the Corporation accepts the future effective date, the Board of Directors may fill the pending vacancy before the effective date if the Board of Directors provides that the successor does not take office until the effective date.
- **SECTION 8.** Compensation. The Board of Directors may fix the compensation of the officers. No such payment shall preclude any officer from serving the Corporation in any other capacity and receiving compensation therefore.

# ARTICLE VI. CONTRACTS, LOANS, CHECKS AND DEPOSITS

**SECTION 1.** Contracts. The Board of Directors may authorize any officer or officers, or agent or agents, to enter into any contract or execute and deliver any instrument in the name of and on behalf of the Corporation, and such authority may be general or confined to specific instances.

SECTION 2. Loans of the Corporation; Loans to Officers and Directors.

- **A.** No loans shall be contracted on behalf of the Corporation and no evidences of indebtedness shall be issued in its name unless authorized by a resolution of the Board of Directors. Such authority may be general or confined to specific instances.
- **B.** The Corporation may not lend money to or guarantee the obligation of a Director or officer of the Corporation.

**SECTION 3.** Checks, Drafts, Etc. All checks, drafts or other orders for the payment of money, notes or other evidences of indebtedness issued in the name of the Corporation, shall be signed by such officer or officers, or agent or agents of the Corporation and in such manner as shall from time to time be determined by resolution of the Board of Directors.

**SECTION 4. Deposits**. All funds of the Corporation not otherwise employed shall be deposited from time to time to the credit of the Corporation in such banks, companies or other depositories as the Board of Directors may select.

## ARTICLE VII. CERTIFICATES OF MEMBERSHIP

**SECTION 1.** Certificates of Membership. The Board of Directors may provide for the issuance of certificates evidencing Membership in the Corporation, which shall be in such form as may be determined by the Board of Directors. Such certificates shall be signed (either manually or in facsimile) by the President or Vice President and by the Secretary or by such other officers designated in the By-Laws or by the Board of Directors so to do, and may be sealed with the corporate seal. If the person who signed (either manually or in facsimile) a share certificate no longer holds office when the certificate is issued, the certificate is nevertheless valid.

All certificates evidencing Membership shall be consecutively numbered or otherwise identified. The name and address of each Member and the date of issuance of the certificate shall be entered on the records of the Corporation. In the case of a lost, destroyed, or mutilated certificate, a new one may be issued therefore upon such terms and conditions as the Board of Directors may prescribe.

**SECTION 2. Issuance of Certificates.** When a Member has been elected to Membership and has paid any initiation fee and dues that may then be required, a certificate of Membership shall be issued in his name and delivered to him by the Secretary, if the Board of Directors shall have provided for the issuance of certificates of Membership under the provisions of **Section 1 of Article VII.** 

## ARTICLE VIII. INDEMNIFICATION

**SECTION 1. Right of Indemnity.** The Corporation may indemnify its officers and Directors to the fullest extent permitted under applicable law.

**SECTION 2. Right of Corporation to insure.** The Corporation may purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of an individual who is or was a Director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation, or who, while a Director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation, is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a Director, officer, partner, employee or agent of another foreign or domestic Corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise, against liability asserted against or incurred by him in that capacity or arising from his status as a Director, officer, employee or agent, whether or not the Corporation would have power to indemnify him against such liability under applicable law.

By-Laws
Page 8 of 12

### ARTICLE IX. NOTICE

Notice may be oral or written. Notice may be communicated in person, by telephone, telegraph, telefax, email, Zoom or other form of wire or wireless communication, or by mail or private carrier. If these forms of personal notice are impracticable, notice may be communicated by a newspaper of general circulation in the area where published, or by radio, television or other form of public broadcast communication.

Written notice, if in a comprehensible form, is effective at the earliest of the following:

- **A.** When received;
- **B.** Five days after its deposit in the United States mail, as evidenced by the postmark, if mailed correctly addressed and with first-class postage affixed;
- **C.** On the date shown on the return receipt, if sent by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, and the receipt is signed by or on behalf of the addressee;
- **D.** Thirty (30) days after its deposit in the United States mail, as evidenced by the postmark, if mailed correctly addressed and with other than first-class, registered or certified postage affixed.

Written notice is correctly addressed to a Member of a domestic or foreign Corporation if addressed to the Member's address shown in the Corporation's current list of Members. Oral notice is effective when communicated if communicated in a comprehensible manner.

A written notice or report delivered as part of a newsletter, magazine, or other publication regularly sent to Members shall constitute a written notice or report if addressed or delivered to the Member's address shown in the Corporation's current list of Members, or in the case of Members who are residents of the same household and who have the same address in the Corporation's current list of Members, if addressed or delivered to one of such Members, at the address appearing on the current list of Members.

Written notice is correctly addressed to a domestic or foreign Corporation (authorized to transact business in this state), other than in its capacity as a Member, if addressed to its registered agent or to its Secretary at its principal office shown in its most recent status report or, in the case of a foreign Corporation that has not yet delivered a status report, in its application for a certificate of authority.

If applicable law prescribes notice requirements for particular circumstances, those requirements govern. If the Articles of Incorporation or these By-Laws prescribe notice requirements not inconsistent with this section or other provisions of applicable law, those requirements govern.

# ARTICLE X. WAIVER OF NOTICE; ASSENT TO ACTIONS

**SECTION 1.** A Member or Director of the Corporation may waive any notice required by applicable law, the Articles of Incorporation or these By-Laws, before or after the date and time stated in the notice. Except as provided below, the waiver must be in writing, be signed by the Member or Director entitled to the notice, and delivered to the Corporation for inclusion in the minutes or filing with the corporate records.

SECTION 2. A Director's attendance at or participation in a meeting waives any required notice to him of the meeting unless the Director at the beginning of the meeting (or promptly upon his arrival) objects to holding the meeting or transacting business at the meeting and does not thereafter vote for or assent to action taken at the meeting. A Member's attendance at a meeting (i) waives objection to lack of notice or defective notice of the meeting unless the Member at the beginning of the meeting objects to holding the meeting or transacting business at the meeting, and (ii) waives objection to consideration of a particular matter at the meeting that is not within the purpose or purposes described in the meeting notice, unless the Member objects to considering the matter when it is presented.

SECTION 3. A Director who is present at a meeting of the Board of Directors or a committee of the Board of Directors when corporate action is taken is deemed to have assented to the action taken unless (i) he objects at the beginning of the meeting, or promptly upon his arrival, to holding it or transacting business at the meeting; (ii) his dissent or abstention from the action taken is entered in the minutes of the meeting; or (iii) he delivers written notice of his dissent or abstention to the presiding officer of the meeting before its adjournment or to the Corporation immediately after adjournment of the meeting. The right of dissent or abstention shall not be available to a Director who votes in favor of the action taken.

### ARTICLE XI. FISCAL YEAR

The fiscal year of the Corporation shall begin on the 1st day of January and end on the thirty-first day of December in each year.

### ARTICLE XII. FEES AND DUES

SECTION 1. Initiation Fees and Annual Dues. The Board of Directors may determine from time to time the amount of the initiation fee, if any, and the annual dues payable to the Corporation by Members of each class.

SECTION 2. Payment of Dues. Dues shall be payable in advance on the tenth day of January in each fiscal year. Dues of a new Member shall be prorated from the first day of the month in which such new for the remainder of the fiscal year of the Corporation.

SECTION 3. Default and Termination of Membership. When any Member of any class shall be in default in the payment of dues for a period of three months from the beginning of the fiscal year or period for which such dues become payable, his Membership may thereupon be terminated by the Board of Directors in the manner provided by these By-Laws.

## ARTICLE XIII. CORPORATE SEAL

The Board of Directors may provide a corporate seal which, if provided, shall be circular in form and shall have inscribed thereon the name of the Corporation, the state of incorporation, and the words "Corporate Seal."

### ARTICLE XIV. AMENDMENTS

SECTION 1. Unless applicable law, the Articles of Incorporation, these By-Laws, the Members (acting pursuant to subsection (b) of this section), or the Board of Directors (acting pursuant to subsection (c) of this section) requires a greater vote, an amendment to this Corporation's By-Laws, to be adopted, must be approved:

By the Board if the amendment does not relate to the number of Directors, the

By-Laws

composition of the Board, the term of office of Directors, or the method or way in which Directors are elected or selected: and

**B.** By the Members of two-thirds of the votes cast or a majority of the voting power, whichever is less.

The Members may condition the amendment's adoption on its receipt of a higher percentage of affirmative votes or on any other basis.

**SECTION 2.** If the Board initiates an amendment to the By-Laws or Board approval is required by Subsection A of this Section to adopt an amendment to the By-Laws, the Board may condition the amendment's adoption on receipt of a higher percentage of affirmative votes or on any other basis.

**SECTION 3.** If the Board or the Members seek to have the amendment approved by the Members at a Membership meeting, the Corporation shall give notice to its Members of the proposed Membership meeting in writing in accordance with **Section 4 of Article III**. The notice must also state that the purpose, or one of the purposes, of the meeting is to consider the proposed amendment, and contain or be accompanied by a copy or summary of the amendment.

**SECTION 4.** If the Board or the Members seek to have the amendment approved by the Members by written consent or written ballot, the material soliciting the approval shall contain or be accompanied by a copy or summary of the amendment.

## ARTICLE XV. SECTION 501(c)(6) STATUS

**SECTION 1.** Notwithstanding any other provision of these By-Laws, the purposes for which the Corporation is organized as set forth in its Articles of Incorporation are exclusively for trade association and business league purposes, including political campaigns and lobbying within the meaning of Section 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or the corresponding provision of any future United States Internal Revenue Law.

**SECTION 2.** This Corporation is organized exclusively for trade association and business league purposes, including political campaign, lobbying, and making of distributions to organizations that qualify as exempt organizations under Section 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or the corresponding provision of any future United States Internal Revenue Law.

**SECTION 3.** No part of the net earnings of the Corporation shall inure to the benefit of or be distributable to its Members, Directors, officers, or other private persons, except that the Corporation shall be authorized and empowered to pay reasonable compensation for services rendered and to make payments and distributions in furtherance of the purposes set forth in this Article. The Corporation shall be authorized and empowered to engage in any activity to promote, protect, and preserve all interests of the firearms industry and business within New Mexico. This includes political campaigning, lobbying and legislative activities and anything else authorized pursuant to Section 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or the corresponding provisions of any future United States Internal Revenue Law.

**SECTION 4.** Upon the dissolution of the Corporation, the Board of Directors shall, after paying or making provision for the payment of all of the liabilities of the Corporation, dispose of all the assets of the Corporation exclusively for the purposes of the Corporation in such manner as the Board of Directors shall determine, or to such organization or organizations organized and operated exclusively as an exempt organization or organizations under Section 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (or the corresponding provision of any future United States Internal Revenue Law). Any such assets not so

disposed of shall be disposed of by the court of the county in which the domicile of the Corporation is then located, exclusively for such purposes to such organization or organizations, as said court shall determine, which are organized and operated exclusively for such purposes.

The foregoing By-Laws of New Mexico Firearms Industry Association Articles I through XV are hereby certified to be a true copy of the By-Laws adopted by the Directors of New Mexico Firearms Industry Association and effective as of April 1, 2023.

SEAL

Signature of Director)

James Gifford, Director

(Signature of Director)

David Loeffler, Diffector

(Signature of Director)

Walter Bracken, Director

ATTESTED BY:

James K. Gilman, Incorporator